| Place Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COUNTING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Recite numbers past 5 | Verbally count beyond 20 recognising the pattern of the counting system. | count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number |  |  | count backwards through zero to include negative numbers moved to year 5 (2022/2023 year3/4 new maths scheme) | interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero | use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero |
| Say one number for each item in order:1,2,3,4,5 |  | count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens | count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any number, forward or backward | count from 0 in multiples of $4,8,50$ and 100; | count in multiples of $6,7,9,25$ and 1000 | count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000000 |  |
| Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total. |  | given a number, identify one more and one less |  | find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number | find 1000 more or less than a given number |  |  |
|  |  | COMPARING NUMBERS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compare quantities using language "more than" "fewer than" | Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognizing when one quantity is | use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least | compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100 ; use $<,>$ and $=$ signs | compare and order numbers up to 1000 | order and compare numbers beyond 1 000 | read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in | read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in |


|  | greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity, |  |  |  | compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places (copied from Fractions) | Reading and Writing Numbers) | Reading and Writing Numbers) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | IDENTIFYING, REPRESENTING AND ESTIMATING NUMBERS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects (subitising) without having to count them individually. | Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. | identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line | identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line | identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations | identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations |  |  |
| Show "finger numbers" up to 5 . | Link the numeral with its cardinal number value. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Link numerals and amounts: show the right number of objects to match the numeral. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\square$

|  |  | READING AND WRITING NUMBERS (including Roman Numerals) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Link numerals and amounts up to 5 | Link the numeral with its cardinal number value. | read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words. | read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words | read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words | read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value. | read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Comparing Numbers) | read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Understanding Place Value) |
| Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. |  |  |  | tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12hour and 24hour clocks (copied from Measurement) |  | read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals. |  |
|  |  | UNDERSTANDING PLACE VALUE |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Understand the one more than/one less than relationship between consecutive numbers. |  | recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) | recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) | recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) | read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Reading and Writing Numbers) <br> recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, | read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit (appears also in Reading and Writing Numbers) |

## Ingleton Primary School Maths Progression



|  |  | ROUNDING |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | round any number to the nearest 10 , 100 or 1000 | round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 and 100000 | round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy |
|  |  |  |  |  | round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number (copied from Fractions) | round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place (copied from Fractions) | solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy (copied from Fractions) |
|  |  | PROBLEM SOLVING |  |  |  |  |  |
| Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5. |  |  | use place value and number facts to solve problems | solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. | solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers | solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above | solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above |



|  | WRITTEN METHODS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  | read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition $(+)$, subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs (appears also in Mental Calculation) |  | add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction | add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate | add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) |  |
|  | INVERSE OPERATIONS, ESTIMATING AND CHECKING ANSWERS |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. | estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers | estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation | use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy | use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. |


|  |  | PROBLEM SOLVING |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  | Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10 including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed evenly. | solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as$7=\square-9$ | solve problems with addition and subtraction: <br> * using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures <br> * applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods | solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction | solve addition and subtraction twostep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | solve addition and subtraction multistep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | solve addition and subtraction multistep problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why |
|  |  |  | solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change (copied from Measurement) |  |  |  | Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division |


|  |  | Multiplication and Division |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MULTIPLICATION \& DIVISION FACTS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  | Numerical <br> Patterns <br> Doubling | count in multiples of twos, fives and tens | count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0 , and in tens from any number, | count from 0 in multiples of <br> $4,8,50$ and 100 <br> (copied from Number and | count in multiples of $6,7,9,25$ and 1000 (copied from | count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any |  |


|  | Halving Odds and Evens | (copied from Number and Place Value) | forward or backward (copied from Number and Place Value) | Place Value) | Number and Place Value) | given number up to 1000000 (copied from Number and Place Value) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers | recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3,4 and 8 multiplication tables | recall <br> multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times$ 12 |  |  |
|  |  | MENTAL CALCULATION |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods (appears also in Written Methods) | use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers | multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts | perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers |
|  |  |  | show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot |  | recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations (appears also in Properties of Numbers) | multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 | associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. ${ }^{3} / 8$ ) (copied from Fractions) |
|  |  | WRITTEN CALCULATION |  |  |  |  |  |


| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication $(x)$, division ( $\div$ ) and equals (=) signs | write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods (appears also in Mental Methods) | multiply twodigit and threedigit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout | multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers | multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context | divide numbers up to 4digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate for the context divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places (copied from Fractions (including decimals)) |



| ORDER OF OPERATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations |
| INVERSE OPERATIONS, ESTIMATING AND CHECKING ANSWERS |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers (copied from Addition and Subtraction) | estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation (copied from Addition and Subtraction) |  | use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy |


|  |  | PROBLEM SOLVING |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  | solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher | solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts | solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects | solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects | solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes | solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates | solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found (copied from Ratio and Proportion) |


| Nursery | Reception | Fractions |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | COUNTING IN FRACTIONAL STEPS |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  |  | Pupils should count in fractions up to 10 , starting from any number and using the $1 / 2$ and $2 / 4$ equivalence on the number line (Non Statutory Guidance) | count up and down in tenths | count up and down in hundredths |  |  |
|  |  | RECOGNISING FRACTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity | recognise, find, name and write fractions ${ }^{1} / 3^{\prime}{ }^{1} / 4^{\prime}{ }^{2} / 4$ and ${ }^{3} / 4$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity | recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators | recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten | recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents (appears also in Equivalence) |  |
|  |  |  |  | recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one - digit numbers or quantities by 10. |  |  |  |
|  |  | recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity |  | recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and nonunit fractions with small denominators |  |  |  | -

## COMPARING FRACTIONS

|  |  | COMPARING FRACTIONS |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  | compare and order <br> unit fractions, and <br> fractions with the <br> same denominators | compare and order <br> fractions whose <br> denominators are all <br> multiples of the <br> same number | compare and order <br> fractions, including <br> fractions $>1$ |



| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole (e.g. $5 / 7+1 / 7={ }_{7} / 7$ ) | add and subtract fractions with the same denominator | add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number | add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number (e.g. ${ }^{2} / 5$ $\left.+{ }^{4} /{ }_{5}=6 / 5=1^{1} / 5\right)$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION OF FRACTIONS |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams | multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (e.g. $1 / 4 \times 1 / 2=1 / 8$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | divide proper fractions by whole numbers (e.g. ${ }^{1} / 3 \div 2=$ $1 /{ }_{6}$ ) |
|  |  | MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION OF DECIMALS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | multiply one-digit |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths |  | multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | identify the value of each digit to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 where the answers are up to three decimal places |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents (e.g. 0.375) for a simple fraction (e.g. ${ }^{3} / 8$ ) |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places |
|  |  | PROBLEM SOLVING |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nursery | Recpetion | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  |  |  | solve problems that | solve problems | solve problems |  |


|  |  |  |  | involve all of the above | involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number | involving numbers up to three decimal places |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. | solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2^{\prime} /_{4^{\prime}}{ }^{1} / 5_{5^{\prime}}{ }^{2} / 5_{5^{\prime}}{ }^{4} /{ }_{5}$ and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 . |  |



| Algebra |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EQUATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7=\square-9$ <br> (copied from Addition and Subtraction) | recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and missing number problems. (copied from Addition and Subtraction) | solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. (copied from Addition and Subtraction) <br> solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including integer scaling (copied from Multiplication and Division) |  | use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing <br> lengths and angles (copied from Geometry: Properties of Shapes) | express missing number problems algebraically |
|  | recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 (copied from Addition and Subtraction) |  |  |  | find pairs of numbers that satisfy number sentences involving two unknowns |
| represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 (copied from Addition and Subtraction) |  |  |  |  | enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables |


| FORMULAE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 <br> Perimeter can be expressed algebraically as $2(a+b)$ where $a$ and $b$ are the dimensions in the same unit. (Copied from NSG measurement) | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | use simple formulae |
|  |  |  |  |  | recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes (copied from Measurement) |
| SEQUENCES |  |  |  |  |  |
| sequence events in chronological order using language such as: before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening (copied from Measurement) | compare and sequence intervals of time (copied from Measurement) |  |  |  | generate and describe linear number sequences |
|  | order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns (copied from Geometry: position and direction) |  |  |  |  |


|  |  | Measurement |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | COMPARING AND ESTIMATING |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity. | Comparing length, weight and capacity. | compare, describe and solve practical problems for: <br> * lengths and heights [e.g. long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half] <br> * mass/weight [e.g. heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than] <br> * capacity and volume [e.g. full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter] <br> * time [e.g. quicker, slower, earlier, later] | compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = |  | estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence (also included in Measuring) | calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) and square metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ and estimate the area of irregular shapes (also included in measuring) | calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including centimetre cubed ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) and cubic metres ( $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ), and extending to other units such as $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | estimate volume (e.g. using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water) |  |
| Begin ti describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as "first" "then" | Time - next, later, yesterday, today, tomorrow. | sequence events in chronological order using language [e.g. before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] | compare and sequence intervals of time | compare durations of events, for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | estimate and read time with |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  | increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight (appears also in Telling the Time) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MEASURING and CALCULATING |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  |  | measure and begin to record the following: <br> * lengths and heights <br> * mass/weight <br> * capacity and volume <br> * time (hours, minutes, seconds) | choose and use <br> appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass (kg/g); temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels | measure, compare, add and subtract: <br> lengths <br> ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass (kg/g); <br> volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ) | estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence (appears also in Comparing) | use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling. | solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate (appears also in Converting) |
|  |  |  |  | measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes | measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres | measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres | recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa |



| Begin to describe a sequence of events using words such as "first" "then" |  | tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. | tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. | tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12hour and 24-hour clocks | read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24hour clocks (appears also in Converting) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years | know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. (appears also in Converting) | estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight <br> (appears also in Comparing and Estimating) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days (appears also in Converting) | solve problems involving converting between units of time |  |


| CONVERTING |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  | know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. <br> (appears also in Telling the Time) | know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year | convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to minute) | convert between different units of metric measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) | use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places |
|  |  |  | read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks (appears also in Converting) | solve problems involving converting between units of time | solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate (appears also in Measuring and Calculating) |
|  |  |  | solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days <br> (appears also in Telling the Time) | understand and use equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints | convert between miles and kilometres |


|  |  | Geometry Properties of Shapes |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | IDENTIFYING SHAPES AND THIER PROPERTIES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes using informal mathematical language: sides, corners, straight, flat, round. | Select, rotate and manipulate shapes in order to develop spatial reasoning skills. | recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: <br> * 2-D shapes [e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] <br> * 3-D shapes [e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]. | identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line |  | identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations | identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations | recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets (appears also in Drawing and Constructing) |
| Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for a building, triangular pattern for a roof. |  |  | identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces |  |  |  | illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius |
| Combine shapes to make a new one - an arch, a bigger triangle. |  |  | identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | DRAWING AND CONSTRUCTING |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling | complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of | draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles |



|  |  |  |  | quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle | right angles by size | * angles at a point on a straight line and $1 / 2$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) <br> * other multiples of $90^{\circ}$ | vertically opposite, and find missing angles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines |  |  |  |


| Nursery |  | Geometry - Position and Direction |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | POSITION, DIRECTION AND MOVEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Understand position through words alone - for example, The bag is under the table. (with no pointing) | Draw information from a simple map. | describe position, direction and movement, including half, quarter and threequarter turns. | use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise) |  | describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant | identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know | describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) |
| Describe a familiar route. |  |  |  |  | describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down | that the shape has not changed | draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes. |
| Discuss routes and locations, using words like: in front of, and "behind". |  |  |  |  | plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon |  |  |



|  |  | Statistics |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | INTERPRETING, CONSTRUCTING AND PRESENTING DATA |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nursery | Reception | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. |  |  | interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple | interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables | interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, | complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables | interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems |


|  |  |  | tables |  | including bar charts and time graphs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | SOLVING PROBLEMS |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | solve one-step and two-step questions [e.g. 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. | solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs. | solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph | calculate and interpret the mean as an average |

## Mental Maths Progression

|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autumn 1 | Count numbers to 20, forwards and backwards | Count in multiples of 2, 5, 10 | Count in multiples of 3 | Count in steps of 10, 100 and 1000 from any number | Count forwards and backwards in powers of 10 from any number | Revision from years 3-5 |
|  | Read and write numbers to 20 in numerals <br> Number bonds to 5 <br> Related subtraction facts | Number bonds from 20 to 100 (in multiples of 10) | Revise $\times$ and $\div 2,5$ and 10 <br> Number bonds to 1000 (in multiples of 100 then 50) | Revise $\times$ and $\div 2,4$ and 8 | Recall the prime numbers up to 19 | Additive relationships for $90^{\circ}$, $180^{\circ}$ and $360^{\circ}$ <br> Complements to 1000, 100, 10 and 1 |
| Autumn2 | Count numbers to 50, forwards and backwards | Count in multiples of 2,5 and 3 <br> Count in steps of 10 from any number | Count from 0 in multiples of 4 and 8 | Count from 0 in multiples of 6, 7 and 9 | Count backwards through 0 to negative numbers | Use double number lines to count in approximate conversions for metric and Imperial measures including miles to kilometres |
|  | Read and write numbers to 50 in numerals <br> Number bonds to 10 ( emphasise subitising to 5 e.g. $8=5+3)$ <br> Related subtraction facts | Number bonds from 20 to 100 (in multiples of 5 and 10) | Add and subtract mentally: <br> Three-digit numbers and onedigit; Three-digit numbers and 10s; Three-digit numbers and 100s | $\times$ and $\div 3,6,9$ and 7 | Square numbers to $15^{2}$ and multiples of 10 to $100^{2}$ <br> Cube numbers to $5^{3}$ and also $10^{3}$ | Using known $\times$ and $\div$ facts to support calculation <br> Use knowledge of rules of divisibility |
| Spring 1 | Count numbers to 100, forwards and backwards | Count in multiples of 3 <br> Count in even numbers up to 50 and odd numbers up to 30 , forwards and backwards | Count from 0 in multiples of 50 and 100 | Count from 0 in multiples of 25 | Count forwards and backwards in powers of 10 from any number and through $O$ to negative numbers | Revision from years 3-5 |


|  | Read and write numbers to 100 <br> Number bonds to 20 <br> Related subtraction facts | Number bonds from 20 to 100 <br> Add and subtract mentally: 3 one-digit numbers | $\times$ and $\div 3$ | $\times$ and $\div$ all to $12 \times 12$ | Use place value to add and subtract large numbers mentally |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spring 2 | Count in multiples of 2 | Count in steps of $1 / 2$ and $1 / 2$ up to 10 (including context of time) | Revise counting in steps of $1 / 2$, $1 / 4$ and $1 / 3$ <br> Count in 1/10s, forwards and backwards | Count in multiples of 60 from O (to relate to time conversions) | Count in unit fractions including 1/10s and 1/100s, bridging through zero. | Revision from years 3-5 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Facts families to } 20 \text { (e.g. } \\ & 8+7=15,7+8=15,15-7=8,15- \\ & 8=7 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Add and subtract mentally: Two-digit numbers and onedigit; Two-digit numbers and 10s | $x$ and $\div 2,4$ and 8 | $\times$ and $\div$ all to $12 \times 12$ | $x$ and $\div$ whole numbers and decimals by powers of 10 |  |
| Summer 1 | Count in multiples of 2 and 10 | Count in steps of $1 / 3$ up to 10 | Count in decimal tenths | Revise counting in $1 / 10$ s and other unit fractions <br> Count in $1 / 100$ s | Count in decimals, bridging through zero |  |
|  | Doubles of numbers to 10 and corresponding halves | $x \text { and } \div 2 \text { and } 10$ <br> Add and subtract mentally: 2 two-digit numbers (initially without bridging followed by bridging) |  | Know and use factor pairs | $\times$ and $\div$ numbers mentally using known facts |  |
| Summer 2 | Count in multiples of 2,10 and 5 | Revisit aspects from Y1 and Y2 | Count in coin values (including 20) | Count in decimals, forwards and backwards | Counting in units of time(e.g. 7 days, 30 minutes) <br> Counting forwards and backwards in minutes across o'clock) |  |
|  | Doubles of numbers to 20 and corresponding halves | $x$ and $\div 2,10$ and 5 | $\times$ and $\div 5,10 ; 2,4,8$ |  | Bridge across 60 when calculating time |  |

## Ingleton Primary School Maths Progression

